

प्रो0 राजेन्द्र सिंह (रज्जू भरया) विश्वविद्यालय, प्रयागराज Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

(Formerly Aliahabad State University, Aliahabad)

A Public University established under Uttar Pradesh State University Act 1973

LLB Syllabus as per Grading and Credit System according to National Education Policy – 2020 incorporated by BCI 2024 Notification

LL.B.

THREE YEARS

(Session 2024-2025 Onwards)

Hump.

As per Syllabus Development Guidelines of BCI Rules-2008

[For three years of Law Education (UG) Programme]

PROF.RAJENDRA SINGH (RAJJU BHAIYA) UNIVERSITY, MIRZAPUR ROAD, NAINI, PRAYAGRAJ-211010

WWW.PRSUNIV.AC.IN

PRSUCBESTLERIE

Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

Semester wise titles of Courses/Papers for LLB as per NEP-2020 Session 2024-2025 onwards

Semester	Course	urse Course Code Course Title		T/P	Credits (20/Sem)	Evaluation (MM-100)	
					(20/Scill)	-	ETE
		ura ura una marina da c	LAW OF CONTRACT-1 (General Principles):	Т	4		
	1	G050101T	Section 1-75 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872			25	75
	11	G050102T	FAMILY LAW-I (Hindu Law)	Τ .	4	25	75
LLB-I	111	G050103T	LAW OF CRIMES (BNS)	Τ.	3	25	75
Sem.	IV	G050104T	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW- I	Т	3	25	75
Market	V	G050105T	ENVIRONMENTAL LAW	T	3	25	75
	VI	G050106T	LAW OF TORT, CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS AND MOTOR VEHICLES ACT	т.	3	25	75
			LAW OF CONTRACT-II (Section 124-238 of		- June		2
	I	G050201T	Indian Contract Act, 1872) and Sale of Goods Act, 1930	Т	4	25	75
	П	G050202T	FAMILY LAW-II (Muslim Law)	T	4	25	75
LLB-II	Ш	G050203T	HUMAN RIGHTS LAW	Т	3	25	75
Sem.	IV	G050204T	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II	Т	3	25	75
	v	G050205T	INTERNATIONAL LAW and INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	Т	3	25	75
	VI	G050206T	LEGAL WRITING INCLUDING GENERAL ENGLISH	Т	3	25	75
Name of the last		A STAR					
	I	G050301T	JURISPRUDENCE AND LEGAL THEORY	T	4	25	75
	П	G050302T	TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT, 1882 and EASEMENT ACT, 1882	Т	4	25	75
	Ш	G050303T	SPECIFIC CONTRACTS- INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932 and SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT, 1963	Т	3	25	75
LLB-III Sem.	IV	G050304T	COMPANIES ACT, 2013 and NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT, 1881	Т	3	25	75
	V	G050305T	LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAWS	Т	3	25	75
	VI	G050306T	TRUST AND EQUITY	Т	3	25	75
214					4	I I I	Shaq

Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

Semester wise titles of Courses/Papers for LLB as per NEP-2020 Session 2024-2025 onwards

Semester	Course	Course Code	Course Title	T/P	Credits	CHARLES CONTRACTOR	luation 1-100)
	1	G050401T	ADMINSTRATIVE LAW	Т	4	25	75
	П	G050402T	INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES	Т	4	25	75
LLB-IV	III	G050403T	RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005	T	3	25	75
Sem.	IV	G050404T	PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY	T	3	25	75
	V	G050405T	WOMEN AND CRIMINAL LAW	T	3	25	75
	VI	G050406T	LAW OF TAXATION	Т	3	25	75
	I	G050501T	CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE-I	T	4	25	75
	H	G050502T	BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (BSA)- 1	Т	4	25	75
LLB-V	III	G050503T	BHARTIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS)-1	T	3	25	75
Sem.	IV	G050504T	LAND LAWS	T	3	25	75
	V	G050505T	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS	T	3	25	75
	VI	G050506T	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS	Т	3	25	75
1812 5-1		G050601T	CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE-II AND INDIAN				
	1	G0500011	LIMITATION ACT, 1963	T	3	25	75
	П	G050602T	BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (BSA)- 2	T	3	25	75
	Ш	G050603T	BHARTIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS)-2	Т	3	25	75
LLB-VI	IV	G050604T	CYBER LAWS	T	3	25	75
Sem.	V	G050605T	DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCING	T	3	25	75
	VI	G050606T	ALTERNATE DISPUTES SYSTEM IN INDIA	Т	3	25	75
	VII	G050607P	MOOT COURT, PRE-TRIAL PREPARATION AND PARTICIPATION IN TRIAL PROCEDURES (PRACTICAL, TRAINING, CASE DIARY, PRESENTATION)	Р	2	25	75

Note: Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) will be three time as Test-I, Test-II and Test-III as per schedule decided by University and Best of Two test marks will be included in final marks. Each test will be of 12.50 marks.

There is: CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, ETE: End Term Examination (University Examination)

a.

Programme: LL. B.	Year-I	Semester-I
SU	BJECT: LAW O	F CONTRACT-I
Course Code: G050101T	Course Title:	(General Principles): Section 1-75 of the Indian Contract Act, 872
Credits: 04	Core Cour	00

Co1: Define, distinguish and apply the basic concepts and terminology of the law of contract

Co2: Define and distinguish among the various processes involved in contract formations.

Co3: Identify the relevant legal issues that arises on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co4: Identify the relevant legal issues that arises on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co5: Formulate oral and written arguments in responses to a given set of facts.

Co6: Evaluate different perspectives and engage in scholarly discourse related to contractual obligations.

Unit	Course Contents				
	General Principles of Contract:				
	Introduction to Contract Law in India				
. 1	Essentials of a Valid Contract				
,	Offer and Acceptance				
	> Consideration				
	Capacity to Contract				
177	Performance and Discharge of Contract:				
	Performance of Contracts				
П	➤ Time and Place of Performance				
**	 Discharge by Performance, Agreement, or Breach 				
	 Discharge by Operation of Law 				
أبيلك	Remedies for Breach of Contract				
	Void, Voidable, and Unenforceable Contracts:				
ш	➤ Void Agreements				
111	➤ Voidable Contracts				
	> Contingent Contracts				
IV	Quasi-Contracts				
	➤ Wagering and Unlawful Agreements				
	Recent Developments and Case Laws:				
V	➤ Doctrine of Frustration				
	➤ E-Contracts and Digital Contracts				



- Government Contracts
- Important Case Laws
- Amendments and Contemporary Issues in Contract Law

Reading Materials:

- Anson's Law of Contract
- Cheshire, Fifoot, and Furmston's Law of Contract
- Mulla's Indian Contract Act
- Law of Contract and Specific Relief by Dr. Avtar Singh

g

Programme: LL. B	Year-I	Semester-I
Page 1 and 1	SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW - I	
Course Code: G050102T	Course Title: HINDU LAW	
Credits: 04	CORE	

Co1: Analyse internal and external factors Sources of Hindu Law.

Co2: Appraise theories of Marriage and Divorce Under Various Personal Laws.

Co3: Present their research and analysis in an objective and impartial manner and open to different perspectives, evaluating evidence critically, and avoiding personal biases or prejudices that could influence the interpretation of historical events.

Co4: Examine the political, economic, social, and legal issues of Guardianship and adoption.

Co5: Analyze the implications and potential biases associated with different theoretical perspectives.

Co6: Critically evaluate different legal theories, including their strengths, weaknesses, and underlying assumptions, and develop their own informed perspectives.

Co7: Recognize the role and importance of Recent trends in family Law.

C 08: Identify the recent trends, emerging in the field of personal laws.

C09: Comprehend the role and importance of a joint family in Indian Family system.

Unit	Course Content
I	Introduction: a. Outlines of Hindu laws with reference to sources and School, b. Conditions for a valid marriage under the Hindu Law: ➤ Ceremonies ➤ Prohibited Degree of Relationship ➤ Sapinda
II	Kinds of Marriage in the Hindu Law: Valid Void Voidable Irregular
Ш	Matrimonial Remedies with Special Reference to Dissolution of Marriage under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
IV	 Maintenance under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 and the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 Law of Adoption under The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 Law of Guardianship under The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956



V Succession of a Male and Female under Hindu Succession Act, 1956

Outlines of Hindu Joint Family and Position of Karta

Reference Books:

- Hindu Law and Usage by Mayne

Principles of Hindu Law in 3 vols. By Srinivasan

- Law of Mariage & Divorce by Saharay, H.K.

Modern Hindu Law by Kesari, U.P.D.

Hindu Law by Agarwal, R.K.

Hindu Law by D.F. Mulla

7-7-7-15

Co1: To make learner understand the jurisprudential basis of crime, criminal justice system and administration in India.

Co2: To impart students with the knowledge of different perspectives and theories on crime and punishment.

Co3: To enable students to acquire an understanding on correctional system and alternatives to imprisonment within the realm of criminal justice administration.

Co4: To make learners understand the role played by different functionaries in the criminal justice administration to meet the challenges of the modern India. The need for reforms and new challenges in the wake of growing importance and realisation of victim rights and necessity to involve all the stakeholders for ensuring justice to all.

Co5: Students would be able to understand the operation and role of different functionaries of the criminal justice system in the administration of criminal justice to make it more fair, humane and responsive. They would be able to appreciate the alternatives to imprisonment and alternate dispute resolution methods within the realm of criminal justice administration.

Co6: Students are expected to explain any given crime problem with the help of different theoretical perspectives and schools of criminology. They would be able to critically analyse the penological choices. Prepare comprehensive understanding of the political systems and governance structures of the various republics and city-states that existed in ancient India during this time period.

Unit	Course Contents
	Evolution and Structure
	Rational of the Changes in Criminal Law
	> Crime:
	Nature & Definition of Crime
I	Stages of Crime
	Element of Crime: Mens Rea and Actus Reus
	> Definitions
	> Joint & Constructive Liability (Based on "Common Intention" and "Common Object")
	> General Exceptions
	> Abetment
11	Criminal Conspiracy
	Attempt to Commit Offenses



	Offenses Against the State
Ш	Offenses Relating to Terrorism
	Offences Against Body:
	Culpable Homicide and Murder
IV	Hurt and Grievous Hurt
	Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement
	Kidnapping and Abduction
	Offences Against Property:
	➤ Theft and Extortion
V	Robbery and Dacoity
	> Cheating
	 Criminal Trespass
	> Forgery
	Defamation
> R	ecommended Books:
>	Indian Penal Code – S. N. Mishra
>	Textbook on Indian Penal Code – K. D. Gaur
>	Indian Penal Code - Ratanlal and Dhirajlal



Year-I	Semester-I	
BJECT: CONSTITUTI	ION LAW-I	8
Course CONSTI	TUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA-I	
Core Course		
	BJECT: CONSTITUTE Course CONSTITUTE Title:	Course CONSTITUTION LAW-I Course CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA-I Title:

Co1: Understand the Historical Foundation of Indian constitution.

Co2: Prepare comprehensive understanding of the connections between political power, social hierarchy, gender roles and economic activities in Indian Constitution.

Co3: Understand the social Justice towards the scheduled tribes and other back word classes.

Co4: Apply their knowledge of Indian Constitution to understand and contextualize contemporary issues and developments in India and they will recognize the continuities and discontinuities between ancient and modern Indian society, identifying the legacy of institutions in the present.

Co5: Analyze the Personal liberty of the person and citizen, Secularism, and fundamental duties with the concept of welfare state and DPSP.

Co7: Critically assess scholarly interpretations of social control over speech and Expression and develop their research and writing skills through assignments and projects.

Co8: Produce employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

Unit	Course Contents
I	 Nature and Constitution of India, its Salient Feature and Preamble Citizenship
II	 Union and State Executive Parliament and State Legislature- General, Officers of Parliament, Disqualification of Members, Powers Privileges and Immunities of Parliament, State Legislatures and its Members, Legislative Procedure
ш	 Union and State Judiciary, Appointment of Judges, Jurisdiction, Independence of Judiciary Centre- State Relations
IV	 Trade, Commerce Clause Services under Union and States
v	 Elections Official Language

Recommended Books:

Constitutional Law of India by M.P. Jain



- Constitutional Law of India by V.N. Shukla
- Constitutional Law of India by H. M. Seervai
- Constitutional Law of India by D.D. Basu
- Constitutional Law of India by J.N. Pandey



Programme: LL. B	Year-I	Semester-I
	SUBJECT: ENVIONMENTAL LAW	
Course Code: G050105T	Course Title: ENVIONMENTAL LAW	Bullion Back to
Credits: 03	Core Course	

Co1: Understand and critically evaluate the role of multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) and national environmental laws in protecting environment and promoting sustainable development;

Co2: Analyze the central role played by environmental laws and policies in national planning and environmental governance;

Co3: Assess the effectiveness of the legal mechanisms and fundamental principles that help environmental decision making and delivery of environmental justice.

Co4: Understand the contribution of international environmental laws and the national measures for protecting environment and achieving sustainable development;

Co5: Evaluate the environmental laws and policies in India, environmental constitutionalism, shaping of environmental laws and policies to meet the contemporary needs and their implementation;

Co6: Analyze the functioning of institutional structures for environmental governance, liability regimes and environmental justice delivery.

Co7: Create Entrepreneurship and develop skills to conduct research in environment science and publishing scholarly works and this could include writing books, research papers, or contributing to academic journals.

Jnit	Course Contents
	Environment – Meaning, Environmental Ethics-Indian tradition.
1	➤ Need for Environmental Protection
	Pollution – Meaning, Causes of Pollution, kinds of Pollution.
	FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
	Development v. Environment-Sustainable Development
H	 Precautionary Principle;
	> Polluter Pays Principle;
	> Public Trust Doctrine



	INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL LAW and CONSTITUTIONAL
	PERSPECTIVE:
Ш	From Stockholm to Johannesburg Declaration (Rio) -Trans-boundary
	Pollution Hazards & Regulation;
	Earth Summit, Kyoto Protocol
	 Environmental Protection in India under Law of Torts, BNS, BNSS
	and Constitution of India.
	- Judicial Approach towards Enviro-Legal Problems
	➤ Prevention and Control of Water & Air Pollution: Water Act, 1974 and
	Air Act, 1981;
IV	 Pollution Control Board and its Powers and Functions- Offences and
	Penalties; Remedies in case of Water and Air Pollution,
	 Noise Pollution (Regulation & Control) Rules, 2000
	Wildlife Protection Act, 1972
	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL,
	PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION OF FORESTS, BIOLDIVERSITY AND
	WILDLIFE:
V	Environment Protection Act, 1986
	Environment Impact Assessment:
	The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010; Powers and functions of the
	National Green Tribunal;
	➤ Biodiversity Act 2002.

Recommended Books:

Environmental Law: S. K. Nanda

Paryawaran Vidhi: Anirudh Prasad

Environmental Law in India: P. Leela krishnan

Environmental Law: S. C. Shastri

Programme: LL.B.	Year-I	S	emester-I
	SUBJECT:	LAW OF TORT	
Course Code: G050106T	Course Title:	Law of Tort, Mot Protection Act	or Vehicles Act and Consumer
Credits: 03	Core Cour	se	

- C01. To familiarize students with specific torts and the principles of liability underlining them.
- C02. To explore in detail and critically analyze the specific torts so that they can apply their knowledge and critical legal thinking to explore and develop their own perspectives and interpretations and support them with logical arguments.
- C03. To discuss the developments in English and Indian Law with respect to specific torts and the expanding horizons of liability of the State.
- C04. Giving an overview of Disaster Management Act, 2005 to make the student aware of the Disaster Management law, policy and practices in India.
- C05. To have knowledge and understanding of specific torts and be able to apply the Law of Torts in the Indian and International context.
- C06. To know the problems and issues concerning specific torts and be able to do critical appraisal of their logical progression
- C07. To apply their knowledge to solve factual situations under tort law and support them with cogent arguments

C08. To know about the Disaster Management Law and its application in India and the way forward.

Unit	Course Contents
	Introduction to the Law of Torts:
	> Definition of Tort
	Principles and Constituents of Tort: Injuria sine damnum, Damnum
1	sine injuria
	Defenses in Tort- Volenti non-fit Injuria, Necessity, Plaintiff's
	Default, Act of God, Inevitable Accidents, Private Defense
	Remedies in Tort-Ubi jus ibi remedium, Remoteness of Damages
	Specific Torts-I:
	> Negligence
II	Nuisance
	Assault & Battery, Trespass & Conversion.
	➤ False Imprisonment and Malicious Prosecution
H	Specific Torts-II:
III	 Vicarious Liability;
	➤ Joint Tort-Feasors

	Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity
	 Strict Liability and Absolute Liability
	> Defamation
į,	The Consumer Protection Act, 2019:
	Definitions of Consumer, Goods and Services
I	V Rights and Duties of Consumer
	> Authorities for Consumer Protection
	> Remedies
	Motor Vehicles Act, 2019:
	Key Changes from the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
	 Road Safety Measures- Provisions for Offenses like Drunk Driving,
	Speeding, and Rash Driving.
	Vehicle Regulations and Licensing like National Register for Driving
	Licenses and Vehicle Registrations
Rec	ommended Books:
> R	amaswamy Iyer's the Law of Torts.
> R	atanlal and Dheeraj Lal on the law of Tort.
R	.K. Bangia: Law of Torts.
	.W.M. Dais: Tort of Law
S	almond on the Law of Torts.



ester-II	Year-I	Programme: LL.B.
	SUBJECT: LAW OF CO	
nd Sale of Goods Act	Course Title: Section 124-238 of India	Course Code: G050201T
	Core Course	Credits: 04
	Core Course	Credits: 04

Co1: Define, distinguish and apply the basic concepts and terminology of the law of contract

Co2: Define and distinguish among the various processes involved in contract formations.

Co3: Identify the relevant legal issues that arises on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co4: Identify the relevant legal issues that arises on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co5: Formulate oral and written arguments in responses to a given set of facts.

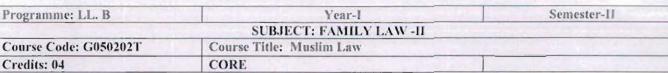
Co6: Evaluate different perspectives and engage in scholarly discourse related to contractual obligations.

Unit	Course Contents	
	Contract of Indemnity:	
I	Meaning and Essentials	
	Indemnifier and Indemnity Holder- Rights and Duties vis-à-vis	
	Contract of Guarantee:	
	Meaning and Essentials	
11	Distinction between Guarantee and Indemnity	
.,	Continuing Guarantee	
	Revocation of Continuing Guarantee	
	 Rights of Surety and Discharge of Surety from Liability 	
	Contract of Bailment:	
	Meaning, Essential and Kinds	
	> Termination of Bailment	
III	> Rights and Duties of Bailor and Bailee	
	Contract of Pledge:	
	Definition and Essentials,	
	➤ Distinction between Bailment and Pledge	
	Contract of Agency:	
	> Definition of Agency	
	Agent, Distinction from Servant and Independent Contractor	
IV	➤ Kinds of Agents	
	> Creation of Agency	
	➤ Rights and Duties of an Agent	
	> Termination of Agency	



V	Sale of Goods Act, 1930:
	 Meaning and Elements of Contract of Sale
	➤ Sale and Agreement to Sale
	Caveat Emptor
	Warranty
Recomm	ended Books:
- A	nson's Law of Contract
> C	heshire, Fifoot, and Furmston's Law of Contract
> M	Iulla's Indian Contract Act
- Li	aw of Contract and Specific Relief by Dr. Avtar Singh
> La	aw of Contract by T.R. Desai





Co1: Analyse internal and external factors Sources of Muslim Law

Co2: Appraise theories of Marriage and Divorce Under Various Personal Laws and Compare the Hindu and Muslim laws.

Co3: Present their research and analysis in an objective and impartial manner and open to different perspectives, evaluating evidence critically, and avoiding personal biases or prejudices that could influence the interpretation of historical events.

Co4: Examine the political, economic, social, and legal issues of Guardianship and adoption.

Co5: Critically evaluate different legal theories, including their strengths, weaknesses, and underlying assumptions, and develop their own informed perspectives.

Co6: Recognize the role and importance of Recent trends in family Law

C 07: Identify the recent trends, emerging in the field of personal laws

C08: Comprehend the role and importance of a joint family in Indian Family system.

Unit	Course Content
I	Outlines of sources of Muslim Law
	> Schools of Muslim Law
II	➤ Marriage in Muslim Law
	Mahr (Dower)
Ш	Dissolution of Marriage
IV	The Law of Maintenance:
	> The Persons entitled for maintenance
	The maintenance of wife under BNSS.
	The maintenance of the divorced woman under the Muslim Women (Protection
	The maintenance of the divorced woman ander the Mushim Women (1 totechon



V Important Features of Law relating to:

- Gift
- Wakf
- Wasiyat
- General Principles of Inheritance

Reference Books:

- Muslim Law by A. Fyzee.
- Muslim Law by R.K. Sinha.
- Muslim Law by Tahir Mahmood
- Muslim Law by D.F. Mulla.
- Muslim Law by Tyabjee



Programme: LL. B	Ye	ar-I	Semester-II
	SUBJECT: H	UMAN RIGHTS AND PRA	ACTICE
Course Code: G050203T	Course Title:	Human Rights	
Credits: 03	Core Course		

Co1: Acknowledge the social and economic rights of workers, forced labour, child labour, bonded labour, slavery, trade union, social security, right to health, standard of living, protection of families etc.

Co2: Acquire the knowledge about cultural rights of indigenous population

Co3: Understand the third-generation solidarity right of various populations.

Co4: Acknowledge the ideas and knowledge about Human right Protection system of United Nations in the light of Covenant of Civil and Political rights.

Co5: Analyzing human right data and interpreting research findings. This may involve learning how to analyze artifact typologies, stratigraphic sequences, and other forms of human rights data. They may also gain experience in data interpretation and the formulation of research questions.

Unit	Course Contents
	Concept and Evolution of Human Rights: Definition, Nature, and Characteristics of Human Rights.
I	Historical evolution of Human Rights: From Natural Rights to Modern Human Rights.
	Philosophical Foundations of Human Rights:
	Theories of Human Rights: Natural Law, Positivist, and Realist Approaches.
	Classification of Human Rights:
	 Civil and Political Rights;
П	Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights;
	 Group Rights (Rights of Minorities, Indigenous Peoples, Women, and Children).
TR	United Nations and Human Rights:
	Role of the UN in the protection and promotion of Human Rights.
	Major UN human rights instruments: UDHR (1948),
ш	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR, 1966),
	and International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR, 1966).
	Regional Human Rights Systems:
	European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR).
	American Convention on Human Rights (ACHR).
	African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights (ACHPR).



IV	Constitutional Framework of Human Rights in India:
	Fundamental Rights (Part III) and Directive Principles of State
	Policy (Part IV) in the Indian Constitution.
	 Right to Equality, Right to Life and Personal Liberty,
	Freedom of Speech, and other Rights guaranteed under the Constitution of India.
	Statutory Framework for Human Rights Protection:
	The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.
	 National Human Rights Commission (NHRC): Powers, Functions, and
	Procedures.
V	 State Human Rights Commissions (SHRCs).
V	Judicial Role in Human Rights Protection:
	Role of the Indian judiciary in interpreting and expanding Human Rights through
	Public Interest Litigation (PIL).

- > "International Human Rights in Context: Law, Politics, Morals" by Henry J. Steiner, Philip Alston, and Ryan Goodman
- The International Human Rights Movement: A History" by Arych Neier
- "Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction" by Andrew Clapham
- "Human Rights: Between Idealism and Realism" by Christian Tomuschat
- "The Human Rights Revolution: An International History" by Petra Goedde, Petra F. Robinson, and Akira Iriye
- International Law along with Human Rights- S. K. Kapoor
- International Law and Human Right- H. O. Agrawal



Programme: LL. B	Year-I	Semester-II
	SUBJECT: CONSTITUTION.	AL LAW - II
Course Code: G050204T	Course Title: Constitutional Law – II	
Credits: 03	CORE	

Co1: Understand the Historical Foundation of Indian constitution.

Co2: Prepare comprehensive understanding of the connections between political power, social hierarchy, gender roles and economic activities in Indian Constitution.

Co3: Understand the social Justice towards the scheduled tribes and other back word classes.

Co4: Apply their knowledge of Indian Constitution to understand and contextualize contemporary issues and developments in India and they will recognize the continuities and discontinuities between ancient and modern Indian society, identifying the legacy of institutions in the present.

Co5: Analyze the Personal liberty of the person and citizen, Secularism, and fundamental duties with the concept of welfare state and DPSP.

Co7: Critically assess scholarly interpretations of social control over speech and Expression and develop their research and writing skills through assignments and projects.

Co8: Produce employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

Course Content			
Fundamental Rights			
Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Duties			
Special Provisions relating to certain classes Services under Union and States			
Emergency			
Amendment of the Constitution Right to Property			

Reference Books:

Constitutional Law of India by M. P. Jain

Constitutional Law of India by V. N. Shukla

Constitutional law of India by H.M. Seervai

Constitutional Law of India by D.D. Basu.



Programme: LL. B	Year-I	Semester-II
	SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL OR	GANIZATION
Course Code: G050205T	Course Title: International Law and International Organizations	
Credits: 03	Core Course	

C01: Knowledge and in-depth understanding of rules of International Humanitarian law.

C02: An understanding of the emerging issues in IHL and the challenges to its implementation.

C03: Knowledge of the problems faced by refugees and the protections available to them, specifically in the context of India.

C04: These learning outcomes will be achieved through a pedagogy which includes lectures, presentations, class discussion and project assignments.

C05: An ability to integrate knowledge critically and systematically and to analyze, judge and manage complex issues.

C06: An ability to identify and formulate legal issues in international Humanitarian Law and Refugee Law critically, independently and creatively.

C07: show the ability to plan and carry out qualified tasks through adequate methods in set timeframes and by doing so contribute to the development of knowledge

C08: show in oral as well as in written form, the ability to describe and discuss the findings and conclusions in their work and the knowledge and the arguments upon which the conclusions are founded

C09: show this ability both in a national and in an international context.

C10: An ability to show an attitude objectively, critically and ethically in judging the legal developments related to International Humanitarian Law and evaluate the impact it has on a national level as well as on the global arena.

Unit	Course Contents
	Public International Law:
I	Definition, Nature and Basis of Public International Law
	> Sources of International Law
	Relation between International and Municipal Law



	Recognition of States:		
	- Types of Recognition		
11	State Territory and Jurisdiction		
	Asylum		
	Extradition and Nationality		
	➤ State Succession		
	Introduction to International Organizations:		
	 Definition and Nature of International Organizations 		
111	 Differences between Governmental and Non-Governmental 		
Ŧ	Organizations (IGOs vs. NGOs)		
	The United Nations System:		
	History and Establishment of the UN		
	> The UN Charter and its Principles		
	> The Role of the UN in Post-World War II Global Governance		
	Principal Organs of the United Nations:		
	General Assembly: Composition, Powers, and Functions		
IV	Security Council: Permanent and Non-Permanent members,		
	VETO power		
	Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)		
	International Court of Justice (ICJ)		
	The UN Secretariat and the role of the Secretary-General		
	> Trusteeship Council		
	Regional Organizations:		
	> European Union (EU)		
	> African Union (AU)		
	 Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) 		
	Role in Promoting Democracy, Human Rights, and Economic		
	Development		
	 South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) 		
	 North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) 		
V	Specialized Agencies of the UN:		
	Overview of key Specialized Agencies (WHO, IMF, World Bank, ILO,		
	UNESCO, WTO etc.)		
	UN Reform and Challenges		
	Criticisms of the UN (e.g., Veto Power, Funding Issues) Proposed Reforms and		
	Future Challenges		
	Future Chanenges		



Suggested Readings:

- "The Law and Practice of the United Nations" by Simon Chesterman, Thomas M. Franck, David M. Malone
- "International Organizations: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance" by Margaret P. Karns, Karen A. Mingst
- "The United Nations: A Very Short Introduction" by Jussi M. Hanhimäki
- International Law along with Human Rights- S. K. Kappor
- International Law and Human Right- H. O. Agrawal



Year-I	Semester-II	
SUBJECT: LEGAL LA	ANGUAGE	
Course Legal Writing including General English Title:		
Core Course		
	SUBJECT: LEGAL LA Course Legal Writi Title:	

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand

CO1 Scan complex legal texts. Summarize information and reconstruct arguments in a coherent presentation.

CO2 Produce organized and coherent communications and essays with clear paragraphs and appropriate methods for introducing and concluding.

CO3 Produce well-supported communications and essays using different patterns of development taking into consideration purpose and audience.

Unit	Course Contents
	 a. Development of Equity: Maxims Viz Equity Follows the law, where equities are equal, the law shall prevail; He who seeks equity, must do equity: He who comes to equity must come with clean hands; Delay defeats equity; Equality is equity; Equity looks to the intent rather than to the form; Equity acts in personam. b. Development of Legal Vocabulary Legal terms and Maxims for example: Ab initio, ad interim, alibi adhoc, audi alteram partem, bonafide, custodial egis, de novo ejusdem generis, functus officio, habeas corpus, ipso facto, in limine, lis pendens, dodus operandi, ratio decidendi, per se, status quo, ultra vires, vis major, etc.
II	 a. Comprehension of Legal Texts- Shah Bano case list nine more such cases b. Legal Writing: Legal News Writing Legal Report Writing Legal Essay Writing
ш	 a. Legal Drafting: Notices, Civil Suit & Affidavit Criminal Complaints, FIR b. Transcription of Legal Texts to be practiced.

- Word Power Made Easy, Norman Lewis (Amco School Publication New York)
- Foreign Expressions Appendix in Twenty –first Century Chambers Dictionary
- Essentials of Grammar and Composition, clean Leggett, C. David Mead and William Charvat, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- Remedial English Grammar, FT Word, Macmillan Delhi
- Improve Your Writing, VN Arora and Lakshmi (Delhi: Oxford U.P, 1981)
- A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English, J Sethi and PV Dhmija (Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1992)
- A Text Books of English Phonetics for Indian Students, T Balasubrananian (Macmillan India Ltd, Delhi,2005)



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester-III	
SU	BJECT: JURISPRUDENCE AND L	EGAL THEORY	
Course Code: G050301T	Course Title: Jurisprudence		
Credits: 04	Core Course		
Credits: 04	TOTAL CONTROL MICE STATE OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONT		

Co1: Understand the philosophical development of Law with thought of various jurists with associated with various schools.

Co2: Prepare comprehensive understanding of the meaning of Law and sources of Law.

Co3: Understand the Social Justice through knowledge of Law.

Co4: Apply their knowledge to Understand the justice system and the punishment.

Co5: Produce employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

C06: Analyze the concept of Law and Morality and their connection with each other.

Unit	Course Content	
	Introduction to Jurisprudence:	
	> Definition and scope of Jurisprudence	
1	The relationship between Jurisprudence and other Legal	
	disciplines	
	Schools of Legal Thought:	
	> Natural Law Theory	
	Legal Positivism	
II	Historical School of Jurisprudence	
	Sociological School of Jurisprudence	
	> Realist School Theory	
	Sources of Law and Legal Concept:	
	> Law and its Sources	
Ш	Theories of Rights (e.g., Natural Rights, Human Rights)	
111	> Theory of Duties	
	> Personalities	
14	Law and Morality:	
	> Law and Morality	
IV	The contributions of legal Positivists like John Austin and	
	H.L.A. Hart	
	Law and Society.	

V	Contemporary Issues in Jurisprudence: Jurisprudential Perspectives on Emerging Issue. Theories of Punishment. Theories of Property Possession and Ownership

Reference Books

H.L.A. Hart	'Positivism and the Separation of Law and Morals' (1958)	
Shiner	"Philosophy of Law", Cambridge Dictionary of Philosophy	
Mark Tebbit	Philosophy of Law: An Introduction, 2005	
Clarence Morris	Age of Imperial Unity, BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN, 2018	
Jeff Brown	Philosophy of Law: Classic and Contemporary Readings, Larry May, 2009	
Carl Joachim Friedrich	The Philosophy of Law in Historical Perspective, · 1963	
Shellens	"Aristotle on Natural Law."	
Abraham A. Hayward	Friedrich Carl von Savigny, On the Vocation of Our Age for Legislation and Jurisprudence	
John Austin,	The Providence of Jurisprudence Determined (1831)	
Hart, H. L. A.	The Concept of Law (3rd ed.). Oxford: Oxford University, [1964]. Press.	
Pillai, P. S. A.	Jurisprudence and Legal Theory,	



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester-III
	SUBJECT: PROPERTY I	AW-I
Course Code: G050302T	Course Title: TPA, 1882 and	d Easement Act, 1882
Credits: 04	Core Course	

Course Outcome:

CO1: Skill to understand the concept of intellectual property rights.

CO2: Develops procedural knowledge to Legal System and solving the problem relating to intellectual property rights.

CO3: Skill to pursue the professional programs in Company Secretaryship, Law, Business (MBA), International Affairs, Public Administration and Other fields.

Unit	Course Contents
154	GENERAL PRINCIPAL RELATED TO TRANSFER OF PROPERTY:
	Definitions- Immovable Property, Notice, Actionable Claims.
1	Essentials of a Valid Transfer. What may be Transferred.
	Conditional Transfers.
	Vested Interest and Contingent Interest.
	a) Transfer for the Benefit of Unborn Persons.
	b) Rule against Perpetuity.
П	c) Direction for Accumulation.
	d) Doctrine of Election
	a) Transfer by Ostensible Owner
	b) Rule of Feeding the Grant by Estoppel
m	c) Doctrine of Lis-Pendens.
	d) Fraudulent Transfer
	e) Doctrine of Part-Performance.
	SALE- Sales of Immovable Property (Sec 54 - 57):
	Sale how made and Contract for Sale
	Rights and Liabilities of Buyer and Seller
	MORTGAGE- Mortgages of Immovable Property and Charges (Sections
IV	58 –104:
A.V.	Right of Redemption
	➤ Right of Fore-closure
	LEASE - Lease of Immovable Property (Sections 105 – 117):
	Rights and Liabilities on Lessor and Lessee
	Determination of Lease



	GIFT (Sections 122 - 129):
	Definition and Essential Elements
	Revocation of Gift
	 Onerous Gift and Universal Donnee
V	EASEMENT - The Indian Easement Act:
	> Definition and nature of Easement
	➤ Kinds of Easement
	 Mode of Acquisitions of Easement
	 Extinction Suspension and Revival of Easement

Recommended Books:

- The Transfer of Property Act Mulla
- The Transfer of Property Act Dr. R. K. Sinha
- The Transfer of Property Act Dr. Avtaar Singh The Transfer of Property Act Dr. G. P. Tripathi
- The Indian Easement Act N. H. Jhabvaia



Year-II	Semester-III
SUBJECT: SPE	CIFIC CONTRACTS
Course Title:	Indian Partnership Act, 1932 and Specific Relief Act, 1963
Core Course	
	SUBJECT: SPE

Co1: Define, distinguish and apply the basic concepts and terminology of the law of contract

Co2: Define and distinguish among the various processes involved in contract formations.

Co3: Identify the relevant legal issues that arise on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co4: Identify the relevant legal issues that arise on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.

Co5: Formulate oral and written arguments in responses to a given set of facts.

Co6: Evaluate different perspectives and engage in scholarly discourse related to contractual obligations.

Unit	Course Contents
	Partnership: Nature and Definition of Partnership Rights and Duties of Partners
п	 Implied Authority of Partners Holding Out Liability of Partners for wrong
uı	 Minors Admitted to the Benefits of Partnership Dissolution of Firm Effects of Non-Registration of Firm
IV	Specific Relief Act: Recovery of Property Specific Performance of Contract Contract which cannot be Specifically Performed
V	 Declaratory Decree Injunction and its Kinds Salient Features of Limited Liability Partnership Act
Recomm	ended Books:
A	nson's Law of Contract
> C	heshire, Fifoot, and Furmston's Law of Contract
111	ulla's Indian Contract Act
> La	aw of Contract and Specific Relief by Dr. Avtar Singh
	aw of Contract by T.R. Desai
> TI	ne Partnership Act



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester-III
SUBJECT: COMPANY	LAW AND NEGOTIAL	BLE INSTRUMENTS ACT, 1881
Course Code: G050304T	Course The Com	panies Act, 2013 and N. I. Act, 1881
Credits: 03	Core Course	

Course Outcomes:

After taking the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Practice case analyses and evaluation of corporate conduct.

CO2: Explain the economic, legal, and ethical implications of fraudulent behaviour in financial markets

CO3: Aims to study the various laws & legal provisions pertaining to companies in the country

CO4: Learning to procedure related to registration, incorporation and formation of companies.

Unit	Course Contents
	Nature and Kinds of Companies:
	 Definition; Evolution; Meaning and Nature of Company
	Comparison between Company and Partnership
	Kinds of Companies:
1	Public Sec.2(71) and Private Companies Sec.2(68)
	 Holding Sec.2(46) And Subsidiary Companies Sec.2(87)
	 Limited and Unlimited Companies Sec.2(92)
	Small Company Sec.2(85)
	One Person Company Sec.2(62)
	 Government Company Sec.2(45); and Foreign Company Sec.2(42)
+20	Theory of 'Corporate Personality';
	Concept of Separate Legal Entity
	➤ Lifting of the Corporate Veil
11	Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association
П	Doctrine of Ultra vires
	Doctrine of Indoor Management;
	Prospectus: Meaning, Effect of Untrue Statement in Prospectus
	Promotion and Formation of Company:
	Promotion of Company, Promoters Sec.2 (69), their position, Powers, Duties and Liabilities
	> Formation of Company (Sec.3), Procedure of registration including
	online Registration of a company
	General Meetings:
111	> Types / Kinds of Meetings, Essential Conditions of a Valid Meeting,
	Procedure for Calling Company Meetings.
	Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement:
	Protection of Minority Shareholders; Powers of Tribunal and Central
	Government; Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement Sec.241-244; Class Action Suit (Sec.245)
	Class Action out (Sec.243)



IV	Board of Directors: Appointment of Directors; Duties of Directors and their Criminal and Civil liabilities. Adjudicatory Bodies: National Company Law Tribunal; National Company Law Appellate Tribunal – Constitution, Powers, Jurisdiction, Procedure, Judicial Review Sec. 407-434 Winding up of Companies
V	Negotiable Instrument: Meaning, Characteristic and Kinds Holder and Holder in Due Course Negotiation Dishonor of Cheque and Crossing of Cheque
Recom	mended Books:
	 "Company Law" by Avtar Singh "A Ramaiya Guide to the Companies Act" "Elements of Company Law" by N.D. Kapoor "Taxmann's Company Law & Practice" by A.K. Majumdar and G.K. Kapoor "Company Law" by Gower and Davies "Corporate and Allied Laws" by Munish Bhandari



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester-II		
S	UBJECT: LABOUR AND INI	DUSTRIAL LAW		
Course Code: G050305T	Course Title: LABOUR	Course Title: LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW-I		
Credits: 03	Core Course			

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand

CO1. Development and the judicial setup of Labour Laws.

CO2. The salient features of industrial disputes and trade unions power and function also to integrate the knowledge of Labour Law in General HRD Practice.

CO3. The laws relating to Industrial Relations, working conditions and also learn the enquiry procedural and industrial discipline.

Unit	Course Contents
	Industrial Relation & Trade Union Act, 1926:
1	Industrial Relation, Labour Problem and Labour Policy in India
	Trade Union Act, 1926 (Labour Management Relation); History and
	Development of Trade Union Movement,
	Registration of Trade Union, Rights and Liabilities of Registered Trade
	Union, Penalties, and procedure
	Collective Bargaining-Process, Merit and Demerit
FL)	Industrial Dispute Act, 1947:
	> Scope of Industry, Workmen, Employers, Industrial Disputes,
11	Authorities under the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947;
	 Procedure, Power and Duties of Authorities,
	➤ Reference of Disputes to Boards, Court or Tribunals
	Collective Bargaining Process:
	 Strike, Lock Out, Lay Off, Retrenchment and Closure
Ш	Unfair Labour Practices, Penalties, Offences by Companies etc.
	Industrial Employment (Standing Order) Act, 1946
7	Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923:
	> Definition: Dependent, Workmen, Total Disablement, Partial
	Disablement
IV	> Employer's Liability for Compensation:
	 Accidents arising out and in the course of employment
	 Notional extension of employer's premises
	 Liability of employers for occupational diseases



Labour Welfare:

- Philosophy of Labour Welfare, Historical Development of Labour Welfare
- The Factories Act, 1948: Interpretation-Competent Person, Hazardous process, Manufacturing Process, Worker, Factory, Occupier, Health, Safety and Welfare, Working House of Adults, Employment of young persons,
- Inspectors-Appointment and Powers.
- Role of ILO in promoting the enactment of Social Security of labour.

Recommended Books:

- Surya Narayan Misra, An Introduction to Labour and Industrial Law, Allahabad Law Agency, 1978 2.
- S.C. Srivastava, Industrial Relations and Labour Law, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- K. M. Pillai, Labour and Industrial Laws 3. V. G. Goswami, Labour and Industrial Laws,
- Dr. S. K. Puri, Labour and Industrial Laws (New Ed.)
- D. D. Seth, Commentaries on Industrial Disputes Act,
- Indian Law Institute, Cases and Materials on Labour Law and Labour Relations
- > P.L. Malik, Industrial Law, Eastern Book Company, 2013
- Dr. Goswami, Labour and Industrial Law, Central Law Agency

Da

Year-II	Semester-III
SUBJECT: TRUST AND EQU	ITY
Course Title: Trust and Equ	ity
Core Course	
	SUBJECT: TRUST AND EQU Course Title: Trust and Equ

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course, a student will be able to:

CO1: Demonstrate a clear understanding of the law of equity and trusts and how to apply to the legal system as a whole,

CO2: Identify the different types of equitable remedies and trusts and when and in what context they can be relevant,

CO3: Critically review the law of equity and trusts in a systematic manner,

CO4: Critique the societal impact of the law of equity and trusts.

Unit	Course Contents		
	Trust:		
1	- Definition and Nature of Trust		
	 Kinds of Trust 		
7980c	> Creations of Trusts		
П	 Charitable Trust and their Distinction with Private Trusts 		
	> Rights, Duties, Power and Liabilities of Trustees		
Ш	> Rights and Liabilities of Beneficiaries		
	> Extinction of Trust		
	Equity:		
	 Origin and Growth of Equity in England 		
IV	> Fusion of Common Law and Equity Jurisdiction		
	> Position of Equity under Indian Legal System		
	Maxims of Equity:		
	> Equity will not Suffer a Harm to be without Remedy		
	> Equity Follows the Law		
	 Where Equities are Equal the First in Time shall Prevail 		
V	> He who Seek Equity must come with Clean Hands		
	> Delay Defeat Equity		
	Equality is Equity		
	> Equity Looks to the Intent Rather than to Form		
	> Equity Acts in Personam		



Recommended Books:

- Principles of Equity G. P. Singh
- Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relations Aquil Ahmed
- Equity, Trust and Mortgages J. J. R. Upadhayay



Programme: LL. B	Year-II Semester-IV		
SUBJ	ECT: ADMINISTRATIVE LAW	IN INDIA	
Course Code: G050401T	Course Title: Administrative La	aw	
Credits: 04	Core Course		

Course Outcomes: after completion of the course, student will be able to:

Co1: Understand the scope of Administrative law how it relate to the rule of law, separation of powers in the administrative work.

Co2: Understand the role of delegated legislation and its control.

Co3: Understand the role of Ombudsmen and their functions with the Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952.

Co4: Understand the position of Administrative laws in different status

Co5: Understand the role of judiciary to govern the executive. The judicial review on the discretionary Power through the writs.

Co6: Understand the biasness done by exertive and other person and role of natural Justice and opportunity of hearing.

Co7: Understand the domestic Inquires and administrative Finality.

Co8: Understand the administrative process and the judicial. Control by judicial reviews.

Unit	Course Content
I	 Nature, Definition, Importance and Scope of Administrative Law; Rule of Law.
	> Separation of Powers;
	> Delegated Legislation:
	> Constitutionality
II	> Judicial Control
100	 Parliamentary Control
	Procedural Control
	> Ombudsman in India
Ш	> Writs



	 Natural Justice: Bias; Opportunity of Hearing:
TV/	- Administrative Tribunals.
IV	 Doctrine of Public Accountability
	- Administrative Finality;
V	 Role of Declaratory Decree as Public Law Remedy;
2 - 1	 Role of Injunction as Public Law Remedy.

Reference Books:

Neil Hawke Introduction to Administrative Law, 2013	
MP Jain	Indian constitutional law, Wadhawa and Company, Nagpur, 2013
Paul Daly	Understanding Administrative Law in the Common Law World, 2021
I. P. Massey	Administrative Law, 1995
Madhusudan Saharay	The Indian Administrative Law, 2014
C. K. Thakker, M. C. Thakker	Administrative Law, 2012



Programme: LL. B	Year-H	Semester-IV
SI	BJECT: INTERPRETATION OF ST	ATUTES
Course Code: G050402T	Course Title: Interpretation of S	Statutes
Credits: 04	Core Course	

Course Outcomes: after completion of the course, student will be able to:

Co1: Understand the Law interrelated the meaning of words used in statutes.

Co2: Understand the method which used by judiciary as well as legal person to interpreted the statutes.

Co3: Understand the maxims and to solve the meaning of Law made by legislation.

Co4: Design critical thinking skills necessary for analyzing statutes, formulating research questions, and interpreting research findings.

Unit	Course Content
1	Interpretation of Statutes: Meaning of term Statute, Commencement, Operation and Repeal of Statutes and Purpose of Interpretation of Statutes.
Ü	Aids to Interpretation:
П	Internal Aids -Title, Preamble, Headings, Marginal Notes, Section and Sub-Sections, Punctuation Marks, Illustrations Exceptions, Provisos, Saving Clauses, Schedule and Non- Obstinate Clause.
	 External Aids: Dictionaries, Statutes in Para Materia, Contempornea Expositio, Debates, Inquiry Commission Reports and Law Commission Reports.
The	Rules of Statutory Interpretation:
	> Literal Rule,
3	> Golden Rule,
	➤ Mischief Rule,
111	 Rule of Harmonious Construction;
	> Noscitur a Socis,
	Ejusdem Generis.
	➤ Generallia Specialibus Non Derogant
	Presumption in Statutory Interpretation:
No.	> Statutes are Valid, Statutes are Territorial Inoperation,
IX.	Presumption as to Jurisdiction, Presumption Against What
	is Inconvenient or Absurd, Presumption Against Intending



Injustice, Presumption Against Impairing Obligation or Permitting Advantage from One's Own Wrong, Prospective Operation of Statutes.

Subordinate Principles -

- Maxims of Statutory Interpretation: Delegatus Non Potest Delegare, Expressio Onius Excleusio Alterius.
- 1. Principles of Constitutional Interpretation -
- Harmonious construction,
- Doctrine of pith and substance,
- colourable legislation,
- Ancillary powers,
- > occupied field,
- > Residuary power,
- Doctrine of repugnancy.
- Contemporary Judicial Approach
- 2. Aims and object of General Clauses Act, 1897.

Reference Books	
Kafaltiya A.B.	Interpretation Of Statutes, 2008
Peter Benson Maxwell	On the Interpretation of Statutes, 2019
Kent Greenawalt	Statutory and Common Law Interpretation, 2013
Francis Alan	Statutory Interpretation: An Introduction for Students
Roscoe Bennion	Statutory Interpretation: A Code
W. Wyatt Paine	Statutes of Interpretation



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester-IV
SUI	BJECT: RIGHT TO INFORM	ATION ACT, 2005
Course Code: G050403T	Course Title: Right to Information Act, 2005	
Credits: 03	Core Course	***

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand

C01: The practical application of the RTI Act. C02: Learning how to file an RTI application

CO3: The procedure for requesting information from public offices,

CO4: Identifying information that is exempted from disclosure.

Unit	Course Content
	 Right to Information – A General Overview
	 RTI – Jurisprudential Aspects: Concept of Freedom, Justice and
I	Legal Rights
	RTI ACT, 2005:
II	> Salient Features
	> RTI and Public Authorities
	> Central Information Commission
	> State Information Commission
	> Powers and function of ICs
	> Appeal and Penalties
	RTI and other Laws:
	> IT ACT, 2000
III	> Official Secret Act, 1923
	> Atomic Energy Act, 1962
	> Contempt of Courts Act, 1971
	> RTI and States
IV	> RTI and Judicial Activism
	RTI – An Emerging Trends:
	> Media and RTI
V	> RTI with special reference to Art.19 and Art.21
	> RTI without Duty
Referen	ice Books:
Dr. Ni Kuma	



Dr. R. K. Verma	Taxman's RTI: Law and Practice
P. K. Das	Handbook on RTI Act
Sudhir Naib	The Right to Information in India
N. V. Paranjape	RTI Law in India
S. R. Myneni	Right to Information Law



Programme: LL. B	Year-II Semester-IV		
SI	JBJECT: CRIMINOL	OGY AND PENC	DLOGY
Course Code: G050404T	Course Title: Criminology, Penology and Victimology		
Credits: 03	Core Course		

Course Outcomes: after completion of the course, student will be able to:

Col: Known as crime to prevent decrease crime rate from the society.

Co2: Understand the reason why the small children are coming to the crime world.

Co3: To understand the reason and provide remedies of the cause through probation & Parole listed of punishing, criminal, when he realizes that he is victim, then his Adjustment in the society observation of Vocation in Criminal Judicial System.

Co4: Try to provide compensation to victim.

Co5: Critically assess scholarly interpretations of criminology and penology and develop their research and writing skills through assignments and projects.

Co6: Produce employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

Init	Course Contents
	1. Definition nature, Scope, and Importance of Criminology.
	2. Methods of studies in Criminology:
	> Case Study
	> Study of the criminal "in the open".
	3. Schools of Criminology:
I	> Classical
	> Typological
	> Cartographic
	> Sociological
	> Socialist
	> Multiple Factor Approach.
	Causes of Crime:
	> Lombrosian Theory
11	> Psycho-analytical Theory
	> Social Disorganisation and Anomie
	> Differential Association Theory



	- Theories of Punishment
Ш	 Classical Hindu and Islamic approaches to Punishment
	Peath Punishment: Constitutional Validity
	 Alternatives to Imprisonment, Probation, Parole
	The Prison System in India, Classification of Prisoners, Rights of Prisoner and
IV	Duties of Custodial Staff, Deviance by Custodial Staff, Open Prisons,
	Judicial Surveillance
	Status of Victim in Criminal Justice System, Rights of Victim, Compensation to
	Victims of Crime, UN Declaration on Rights of Victim of Crime and Abuse of
V	Power, Recommendations of Malimath Committee and Law Commission of
	India.

Reference Books:

Dr. A K. Jain	. Criminology Penology and Victimology
Pro. N. V. Paranjape	Criminology and Penology
Dr. D. K. Biswas	Criminology and Penology
Bonnie S. Fisher, Steven P. Lab	Encyclopaedia of Victimology and Crime Prevention - Volume 1, 2010
K.S. Chabra,	"Theories of Punishment" in K.D. Gaur, CRIMINAL LAW AND CRIMINOLOGY, pp (2002)686-695
David T. Johnson,	"The Death Penalty in India" in N. Prabha Unnithan (ed.) Crime and Justice in India 365-388 (Sage, 2013)
A.C. Ewing,	The Morality of Punishment, (London 1929)
H.J. Eysenk,	Crime and Personality, (London, 1964)
Dr. Y. S. Sharma	Penology and Victomology
Andrew Ashworth,	"Sentencing" in Mike Maguire, Rod Morgan, Robert Reiner (ed.), The Oxford Handbook of Criminology (2nd ed. 1990)



Programme: LL. B	Year-II	Semester- IV
SUBJE	CT: WOMEN'S AND	CRIMINAL LAW
Course Code: G050405T	Course Title:	
Credits: 03	Core Course	

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, student shall be able to:

C 01. Knowledge and Understanding

- Knowledge and in-depth understanding on how the offences against women affect the society.
- A deep insight into the latest research.
- The student will also be able to show in-depth knowledge of research methodologies and the application of these methodologies in a feminine context.

C 02. Skills and Abilities

- An ability to integrate knowledge critically and systematically and to analyse, judge and manage complex issues and situations even with limited information on the subject issue.
- An ability to critically, independently and creatively identify and formulate legal issues in an offence women context.
- Furthermore, the student will:
- be able to show the ability to plan and carry out qualified tasks through adequate methods in set timeframes and by doing so contribute to the development of knowledge
- be able to show the ability to evaluate the outcomes of his or her work
- be able to show in oral as well as in written form, the ability to describe and discuss the findings and conclusions in their work and the knowledge and the arguments upon which the conclusions are founded
- be able to show this ability both in a national and in an international context.

Unit	Course Contents
	Women's Rights Jurisprudence:
1	> Women under International Law
	 Empowerment of Women, National Policies and Programme in General
	> Women Rights and Human Rights
	Women and Constitution of India:
**	> Preamble
II	Fundamental Rights with special focus on Art. 15 and 16
	 Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties
	Crime against Women and BNS:
***	> Cruelty
III	> Rape
	> Dowry Related Offences
TV	Domestic Violence: Meaning, Object and Protection of Women under
IV	Domestic Violence Act, 2005



- Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace
- Protection of Women accused under BNSS and BSA
- Salient Features of MTP Act and PNDPT Act, 1994
- Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956

Gender and LGBTO+ Rights

Decriminalization of Homosexuality: (The Navtej Singh Johar case).

Transgender Rights: NALSA v. Union of India (2014) and the Transgender

Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019.

Reforms and Future Directions

Legal and Social Reforms for Achieving Gender Justice.

Role of Judiciary, Civil Society, and NGOs in Promoting Gender Equality.

Suggested Readings:

- "Law Relating to Women and Children" by Dr. Mamta Rao
- Gender Justice" by Rattan Singh
- "Flavia Agnes: Law and Gender Inequality" by Flavia Agnes
- > "Feminism Unmodified: Discourses on Life and Law" by Catharine A. MacKinnon
- > "Toward a Feminist Theory of the State" by Catharine A. MacKinnon
- "Feminist Jurisprudence: Justice and the Law" by Anne Bottomley



Programme: LL. B	Year-II		Semester-IV	
	SUBJECT: TAXAT	ION LAWS AND REFOR	MS	
Course Code: G050406T	Course Title:	Law of Taxation		
Credits: 03	Core Course			

Course Outcomes: after completion of the course, student will be able to:

Co1: Understand the meaning, nature and scope of Tax along with its importance.

Co2: Analyze the different kinds of Taxes, Tax Policies and understand the implication of them.

Co3: Understand the relationship between Budget and Taxation.

Co4: Appreciate the Constitutional provisions of Tax, basic principle of Taxation law and its implication.

Co5: Understand the sources of income and Tax liability and exemption from Tax liability and to appreciate the procedural compliances.

Co6: Analyze the contribution and impact of Taxes on our economy.

Co7: Analyze the Taxable event under GST and determine the levy of Tax, understand the procedural compliances embedded in GST.

Co8: Produce employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

Unit	t Course Content		
I	EVOLUTION OF TAX SYSTEM IN INDIA:		
	> Evolution and development of Taxation system in India,		
	 Fiscal significance of Taxes 		
	> Difference between Tax-Fine, Fee, License Fee, Duty, Penalty, Toll		
11	Income Tax Act, 1961:		
	Definition:		
	> Assessment Year		
	> Previous Year		
	> Assessee		
	> Income		
	> Agriculture Income		
	Head of Income:		



	- Income from Salaries		
	- Income from House Property		
	 Income from Profits and Gains from Business and Profession 		
	- Income from other Sources		
	Computation of Income:		
	- Clubbing of Income		
	 Set-off and Carry-forward of Losses 		
	> Deduction		
	Direct and Indirect Taxes		
Ш	Income Tax Authorities and their Powers		
	Procedure for Assessment		
	 CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO TAX 		
	Principle of Federal Finance Position under the Indian Constitution		
	with reference to Part XI, XII, XIII and Relevant Entries in VII		
	Schedule.		
	Articles 248, 265, 269, 286, 243H, 243X- limits of Subordinate		
	Legislation		
IV	TAX POLICY AND DESIGN OF TAX SYSTEM		
	> Tax policy and Economic Development		
	> Tax Incentive, Assessment and Collection of Tax		
V	LAW OF GOODS AND SERVICE TAXES		
	> Central Goods and Service Tax		
	> State Goods and Service Tax		
	> Integrated Goods and Service Tax		



Karthik Sundaram	Tax, Constitution, and the Supreme Court: Analyzing the Evolution of Taxation Law in India. (Oak Bridge, 2019)
B.K. Goyal	Taxation Law, Singhal Law Publication
Dr. V Gaurishankar	Principles of Taxation Law, Wolter Kluwer India PVT Limited
Durga Das Basu	Shorter Constitution of India, LexisNexis.
Sampath lyengar	Law of Income Tax, (Bharat Publication)
Dr. H C Mehrotra	Income Tax Law and Account, Sathya Bhawan Publications.
Dr. J. C. Varshney	Indirect Taxes, SBPD Publications.
K. Vaitheeswaran	Student Handbook on Indirect Taxes, (Snow White)
Jaya Vasudevan Suseela	Indirect Taxes (GST and other Indirect Taxes), EBC Explorer
V S Datey	GST Ready Reckoner, Taxmann, 2017



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-V
S	UBJECT: CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDU	RE-I
Course Code: G050501T	Course Title: CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE-I	
Credits: 04	Core Course	The state of the s

At the end of the course the student will be able to understand:

CO1: To Know the detail procedure for redressal of civil rights.

CO2: Where the suit is to be filed? The essential forms and procedure for institution of suit, the documents in support and against, evidence taking and trial, dimensions of an interim order, the peculiar nature of the suits, the complexities of executing a decree and provisions for appeal and revision are all matters which a lawyer for any side is to be familiar with.

CO3: Students will be able to recognize and address issues that arise in Civil Procedure that implicate relevant ethical, moral, and religious principles.

 Definition: Decree, Judgment, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgment, Mens Profits, Affidavit, Plaint, Written Statement, Legal Representative Suit of a Civil Nature, Important Concepts: Res-sub-judice, Res judicata, Restrictions, Caveat, Inherent Power, Courts Execution of Judgment and Decree Initial Steps in a Suit: Jurisdiction and Place of Suing Institution of Suit Pleading: Meaning, Object, General Rules, Amendment of Pleading, Plaint and Written statement Parties to a Suit Discovery, Inspection and Production of Documents Appearance and Non-Appearance of Parties
 Jurisdiction and Place of Suing Institution of Suit Pleading: Meaning, Object, General Rules, Amendment of Pleading, Plaint and Written statement Parties to a Suit Discovery, Inspection and Production of Documents
Discovery, Inspection and Production of Documents
ummons
nterim Orders: Commission Arrest before Judgment Attachment before Judgment Temporary Injunctions, Interlocutory Order Receiver, Security of Costs
ended Books: Mulla, Code of Civil Procedure, Universal, Delhi C. K. Thakkar, Code of Civil Procedure, Universal Delhi



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-V
SUBJE	CT: BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIY	YAM (BSA)- 1
Course Code: G050502T	Course Title: BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (BSA)- 1	
Credits: 04	Core Course	

Students who has taken admission for this course will be able to

CO1: Analyse and define the concept and general nature of evidence, and illustrate the different types of evidence and court procedures relating to evidence.

CO2: Analyse the rule relating to relevance of evidence and admissibility of evidence before the court.

CO3: Evaluate the rules relating to dying declaration and admissibility of dying declaration.

Unit	Course Contents		
	Definitions -		
1	"Evidence" "Fact", "Fact in Issue", "Relevant, "Document" "Proved",		
	"Disproved", "Not Proved", "May Presume", "Shall Presume", and		
	"Conclusive Proof'.		
**	> Relevancy of Facts		
II	➤ Res- Gestae		
	> Admissions;		
III	Confession Caused by Inducement, Threat, Coercion or Promise		
	Confession to police officer;		
117	Dying Declaration;		
IV	Opinions of Third Persons when Relevant.		
V	Relevancy of Character		
Recor	nmended Books:		
	 Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal – The Law of Evidence 		
	➤ Batuk Lal – The Law of Evidence		
	➤ Sarkar S. C. – Law of Evidence		
	> Justice P.c. Narayan – Law of Evidence		



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-V
SUBJECT: BHART	TYA NAGARI	IK SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS-2023)
Course Code: G050503T	Course Title:	Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS-2023)
Credits: 03	Core Course	2

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand:

CO1: The system of criminal prosecution in India: who prosecutes; Process to Compel Appearance of Person, Process to Compel Production of Things, right to speedy trial etc.

CO2: The legal rules relating to arrest and bail under the BNSS, the rights of arrested persons and to apply such rules in a factual scenario.

CO3: Describe principles applicable to the right to legal representation in Indian criminal trials and to apply such principles in a factual scenario.

Unit	Course Contents
	 Introduction to Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS), 2023 Key differences between CrPC 1973 and BNSS 2023.
ı	CDVGG 2022
	 Definitions and Key Concepts Basic terminology and definitions under BNSS.
	Roles of authorities like Police, Magistrates, and Courts under
	BNSS.
	Powers and duties of Law Enforcement Agencies
	Filing of Complaints and First Information Report (FIR):
	Procedures for lodging FIRs.
II	 Role of Police Officers in Investigation.
	Rights of the Accused and the Complainant.
	Investigation and Arrest:
	Power of Arrest with and without a Warrant.
Ш	Safeguards against Arbitrary Arrests.
	Investigation Procedures: Search, Seizure, and Collection of Evidence.
	Bail and Bonds:
**?	Provisions regarding Bail for Bailable and Non-Bailable Offenses.
IV	Powers of Magistrates and Courts in Granting Bail.
	Surety and Conditions of Bail
	Maintenance and Preventive Measures:
	> Provisions for Maintenance of Wife
V	Measures against Habitual Offenders.
	Witness Protection and Victim Compensation:
	Victim Compensation and Rehabilitation Schemes.



 Role of the Judiciary in Safeguarding the Interests of Victims and Witnesses.

Reforms and Technological Integration:

- Use of Technology in Criminal Procedures: Video Conferencing, Electronic Evidence, etc.
- Reforms introduced to Speed Up Criminal Trials and reduce Pendency of Cases
- Fast-track Courts and Alternative Dispute Resolution in Criminal Cases.

Suggested Readings:

- Bare Act of Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- Commentaries on Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- "R.V. Kelkar's Criminal Procedure"
- "Criminal Procedure Code" by C.K. Takwani
- > "The Code of Criminal Procedure" by Ratanlal & Dhirajlal



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-V	
SUBJECT: THE U. P. 2	ZAMINDARI ABOLITION A	ND LAND REFORMS ACT	
Course Code: G050504T	Course Land Laws Title:		
Credits: 03	Core Course		

At end of the course student will be able to:

CO1. Identify and describe the revenue board courts and its function for an appeal revision and review.

CO2. Demonstrate an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework for tribunals and the regulatory rules.

CO3.Demonstrate an understanding of the necessary professional skills of urbanization including analytical skills.

Unit	Course Contents	
	Aims and object of UPZA:	
1	Salient features of the UPZA	
	Date of Vesting and Consequences of Vesting	
	Zamindari system	
	Agricultural year	
H	> Asami	
	> Estate	
	Land Management Committee	
	Land Tenure system under UPZA:	
Ш	Rights of various Tenure Holders	
111	Succession of Male and Female Tenure Holder	
	Ejectment of Trespasser	
	Surrender and Abandonment	
	Right of Division	
IV	Extinction of Interest	
	Revenue and Rent	
	U. P. Land Revenue Act, 1901:	
	Revenue Officer and Revenue Court	
	Board of Revenue	
V	Record of Rights	
	Distinction of Khasara and Khatauni	
	> Mutation	
	Correction Proceeding	
	Boundary Mark	



Suggested Readings:

- Justice S. D. Singh U. P. Zamindari Abolition Act
 Justice B. Malik Ceiling and Regulation Act
- B. P. Srivastava U. P. Zamindari Abolition Act
- ➤ S. P. Srivastava U. P. Land Law
- Surendra Malik Panchayati Raj Act

Programme: LL. B	Year-III Semester-V		Semester-V
SUBJECT:	INTELLECT	FUAL PROPER	TY RIGHTS (IPR)
Course Code: G050505T	Course Title:	INTELLECT	UAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR)
Credits: 03	Core Cour	'se	
		an - No Feet V	

Course Outcomes: after completion of the course, student will be able:

Co1: To get acclimatized with the rationale and general principles of Intellectual Property Laws (IPL).

Co2: To understand specific IPL; Copyright, Neighbouring Right and Industrial Designs Co3: To study the provisions of Copyright Act, 1957 and Industrial Designs Act, 2000

Co4: To understand the methodology of enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights

Co5: To recognize relevancy of International Conventions in relation to Intellectual Property Co6: To learn theoretical concepts of evolution of Intellectual Property Laws vis a vis the international development, the emergence of different branches of Intellectual Property

Laws.

Co7: To synthesis of case laws, identification of issues, applicability of relevant provisions and critical analysis of the judicial decisions with reference to copyright and industrial designs.

Co8: Produce skills and develop employability by creating educational programs, workshops, or online courses to teach interested individuals about the subject. This could be done through a personal website, collaborating with educational institutions, or leveraging online platforms.

Unit	Course Contents
I	Introduction of the IPR: Meaning, Definition, Nature and Concept of IPR Historical development and significance of Intellectual Property Rights Kinds of Intellectual Property Impact of Technologies Development on IPR
п	Overview of International treaties and agreements: Paris Convention Berne Convention TRIPS Agreement WIPO
Ш	Trademarks: Meaning and concept of Trademark Essential requirement and function of Trademarks Condition for registration of Trademark Prohibition of registration of Trademark Infringement and Passing Off
IV	Copy Right: Meaning, Definition, Nature and Scope of IPR Types of Copyrights. General Principles of Copyright



- Requirements of Copyright
- Copyright in form, not in Idea
- Adaptations
- Subject matter of Copyright
- Term of Copyright
- Authors& Ownership Copyright under Copy Right Act, 1957
- Registration procedure under Copyright Act, 1957
- Copyright Infringement and defenses and Case Laws

Patent:

V

- Origin, Meaning of Patent,
- Types
- Inventions which are not Patentable
- Registration Procedure
- Rights and Duties of Patentee,
- Assignment and License
- Restoration of Lapsed Patents
- Surrender and Revocation of Patents
- Infringement, Remedies & Penalties

Suggested Readings:

- D.P. Mittal (Taxman Publication), Indian Patents Law and Procedure
- B.L. Wadehra, Patents, trademarks, copyright, Designs and Geographical Judications.
- P. Narayanan (Eastern Law House), Intellectual Property Law.
- R.K. Nagarjan, Intellectual Property Law.
- Cornish W. R. IPR
- Bently and Sherman IPR

Programme: LL. B	Year-III Semeste	
SUBJECT: PROFESS	SIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL A	ACCOUNTING SYSTEM
COURSE CODE: G050506T	COURSE TITLE: PROFESSIONAL ETH ACCOUNTING SYSTEM	IICS AND PROFESSIONAL
Credits: 03	Core Course:	

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand:

CO1: To understand and apply the professional ethics and ethical standard of the legal profession.

CO2: To know and evaluate the key themes in professional ethics, in order to give them an insight into moral decision making in the legal profession.

CO3: To know, should lawyers aim to win at all costs, and how should they balance duties to their client, to the Courts, to justice in the abstract, and to themselves.

Unit	Course Contents
	Legal Profession
	Historical development of Legal Profession in India.
I	Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction of State
	Bar Council and Bar Council of India
197	Admission and Enrolment of Advocates.
	Professional Ethics
	Profession Ethics and Advocacy, Standards of Professional
П	Conduct and Etiquette, Conflict between Interest and Duty
	Duty to Court, Duty to Client, Duty to Opponent, Duty to Colleagues
	Duty towards Society and Obligation to Render Legal Aid
	Bench-Bar Relationship
	Reciprocity as Partners in Administration of Justice
m	 Professional Misconduct
111	Rights and Privileges of Advocates
	Supreme Court Rules 1966 and Allahabad High Court Rules 1952:
	Provisions relating to Advocate & Courts only
	Contempt of Court Act, 1971
	 Historical development of Court Act in India,
	Object and Constitutional validity of Contempt of Court Act.
IV	Definition, Kinds of Contempt, Contempt by Judges, Magistrates, Lawyer
	and other persons
	Cognizance, Procedure, Appellate provisions regarding Contempt
	Defences, Punishment and Remedies, Defences
	Leading Cases:
	Prahlad Saran Gupta vs. Bar Council of India
	Hikmat Ali vs. Ishwar Prasad Arya and Others
V	P. D. Gupta vs. Ram Murti and Others
	Delhi Judicial Services Association vs. State of Gujarat
	Mohd. Aslam vs. Union of India
	In Re Vinay Chandra Mishra
	Supreme Court Bar Association vs. Union of India



State of Rajasthan vs. Prakash Chand

Recommended Books:

- Holland Avrom Shree, Advocacy, 1994 Universal, Delhi
- Keith Evam, The Golden Rules of Advocacy, 1994, Universal, Delhi
- Sandeep Bhalla, Advocates Act & Professional Misconduct, Nasik Law House
- Mr. Krishna Murthy Iyer's Book on Advocacy
- P Ramanatha Aiyer, Legal and Professional Ethics: Legal Ethics, Duties and Privileges of a Lawyer, Lexis Nexis

Year-III	Semester-VI	
Subject: CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDU	RE-II	
Course Title: Code of Civil Procedure-II and Indian Limitation Act, 1963		
Core Course		
	Course Title: Code of Civil Proc Act, 1963	

At the end of the course the student will be able to understand:

CO1: To Know the detail procedure for redressal of civil rights.

CO2: Where the suit is to be filed? The essential forms and procedure for institution of suit, the documents in support and against, evidence taking and trial, dimensions of an interim order, the peculiar nature of the suits, the complexities of executing a decree and provisions for appeal and revision are all matters which a lawyer for any side is to be familiar with.

CO3: Students will be able to recognize and address issues that arise in Civil Procedure that implicate relevant ethical, moral, and religious principles.

Unit	Course Contents
	Suit in Particular Case
	> Suits by or against Government
1	➤ Suits by Indigent Person
1.	➤ Inter-pleader Suit
	> Representative Suit
الأكنة	> Suits relating to Public Nuisance
	Execution:
П	Transfer of Decree for Execution
44	Power of Transferee Court
	> Stay of Execution
	> Appeal
Ш	> Reference
***	> Review
	> Revision
IV	Inherent power of Court
	Limitation Act:
	Limitation bars remedy does not extinguish the right
V	Condonation of delay
	➤ Legal disability
	Once time has begun to run no subsequent disability can stop it
	Effect of fraud and mistake and valid acknowledgement
Recom	mended Books:
*	Mulla, Code of Civil Procedure, Universal, Delhi
>	C. K. Thakkar, Code of Civil Procedure, Universal Delhi
>	M. P. Tandon, Code of Civil Procedure
*	Anil Nandwani, Code of Civil Procedure
>	C. K. Takwani, Code of Civil Procedure



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI
Subjec	et: BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYA	AM (BSA)- 2
Course Code: G050602T	Course Title: BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (BSA)- 2	
Credits: 03	Core Course	

Students who has taken admission for this course will be able to

CO1: Analyse and define the concept and general nature of evidence, and illustrate the different types of evidence and court procedures relating to evidence.

CO2: Analyse the rule relating to relevance of evidence and admissibility of evidence before the court.

CO3: Evaluate the rules relating to dying declaration and admissibility of dying declaration.

Unit	Course Contents
	> Facts which need not be Proved
	Kinds of Evidence-Oral and Documentary Evidence' Primary
	Evidence and Secondary Evidence
П	> Burden of Proof
11	> Presumptions
7	➤ The Principle of Estoppel
***	Privileged Communications such as Communication during Marriage
III	between Husband and Wife, Professional Communications between
	Lawyer and Client etc.
IV	Accomplice and rules regarding Evidence of an Accomplice
IV	➤ Leading Questions
	> Examination of witnesses
	➤ Hostile Witness
V	Impeaching credits of Witnesses
Recom	mended Books:
	Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal – The Law of Evidence
	Batuk Lal – The Law of Evidence
	Sarkar S. C. – Law of Evidence
- 1	Justice P.c. Narayan - Law of Evidence



Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI
SUBJECT: BHART	TYA NAGARIF	K SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS-2023)
Course Code: G050603T	Course Title:	BNSS - II, J. J. Act, 2015 and POCSO Act, 2012
Credits: 03	Core Course	

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand:

CO1: The system of criminal prosecution in India: who prosecutes; Process to Compel Appearance of Person, Process to Compel Production of Things, right to speedy trial etc.

CO2: The legal rules relating to arrest and bail under the BNSS, the rights of arrested persons and to apply such rules in a factual scenario.

CO3: Describe principles applicable to the right to legal representation in Indian criminal trials and to apply such principles in a factual scenario.

Unit	Course Contents
I	Cognizance of Offenses and Charges Process of taking Cognizance of Offenses by Magistrates. Framing of Charges and Discharge of the Accused. Rights of the Accused during the Trial. Joinder, Misjoinder and Non-Joinder of Charges
п	Types of Trials > Summary Trials, Summons Cases, and Warrant Cases. > Trial Procedures in Sessions Courts. > Role of Public Prosecutors and Defense Attorneys.
ш	Procedural Fairness Examination of Witnesses, Cross-Examination, and Re- Examination. Recording of Evidence. Burden of Proof and the Right to a Fair Trial. Plea - Bargaining
IV	Judgment and Sentencing Delivery of Judgment and Reasoning. Types of Sentences: Imprisonment, Fines, Probation. Sentencing Guidelines and Discretion of the Court. Appeals, Review, and Revision Appeal procedures in Criminal Cases. Revision powers of Higher Courts. Review of Judgments under exceptional circumstances. Execution of Sentences Process of Execution of different types of Sentences. Death Sentence Confirmation and Execution. Remission, Commutation, and Suspension of Sentences
V	 Salient features of Juvenile Justice Act, 2015 Salient features of POCSO Act, 2012



Suggested Readings:

- Bare Act of Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- Commentaries on Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- "R.V. Kelkar's Criminal Procedure"
 "Criminal Procedure Code" by C.K. Takwani
- > "The Code of Criminal Procedure" by Ratanlal & Dhirajlal

Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI
	Subject: Cyber Law	
Course Code: G050604T	Course Title: Cyber Law	
Credits: 03	Core Course	

At the end of the course, a student will be able to:

CO1: Design countermeasures against common information security attack.

CO2: Implement operating system hardening, configure Firewell and IDs,

CO3: Implement information security in a network environment.

Unit	Course Contents	
	Introduction:	
	What is Cyber Law, Need for Cyber Law, Cyber Space	
I	 History and Evolution of Cyber Crime 	
	Definition, Nature and Kind of Cyber Crime	
	Legal Position of Cyber Crime	
	Hacking:	
	> Evolution of Hacking	
	> Techniques of Hacking	
II	Prevention of Hacking	
11	Cyber Stalking:	
	Nature and Extent of Cyber Stalking	
	Different Kinds of Cyber Stalking	
	 Method of Cyber Stalking 	
	Pornography:	
	Pornography on the Internet	
	Obscenity and Pornography	
Ш	> Child Pornography	
	Cyber Crimes in Financial Activities:	
	Kinds of Financial Cyber Crime	
	Legal Position in U. K., USA and India	
	Cyber Terrorism:	
	Definition and Nature of Cyber Terrorism	
	Prevention of Cyber Terrorism	
IV	E-Commerce:	
**	> Introduction	
	Digital Signature	
	> E-Contract	
	> E-Governance	
	Privacy in Cyber Space:	
V	Right to Privacy	
	Activities on Internet which can affect Privacy	
	The Liabilities of an Internet Service Provider in Cyber Space	



The Information Technology Act, 2000: An overview of the Act

Recommended Books:

- Fundamental of Cyber Law Rohas Nagpal
- ➤ E-Commerce Rohas Nagpal
- ➤ An Introduction to Cyber Crime and Cyber Law Dr. R. K. Chaubey
- Cyber Laws Mr. Justice Yatindra Singh

Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI
SUBJE	CT: DRAFTING, PLEADING & CON	VEYANCING
COURSE CODE: G050605T	COURSE TITLE: DRAFTING, PLEADING & CONVEYANCING	
Credits: 03	Core Course:	

After doing the assignment,

- CO1. Students will understand drafting both in Civil and Criminal Cases.
- CO2. Court purposes as well as for other legal forums
- CO3. Students will be able to perform better in the subject.

Unit	Course Contents
ı	 Pleading: Meaning, Importance and Object of Pleading, Difference between Pleading and Proof Fundamental Rules of Pleading Amendment of Pleadings Frame of Suit, Cause of Action, Joinder of Cause of Action, Misjoinder of Cause of Action
11	Plaint: Essential Parts of Plaint Presentation and Rejection of Plaint
1111	Written Statement: Essential of Written Statement Rules and Exceptions as to Denials Set-off and Counter Claims Consequences of Non-filling of a Written Statement General Principles of Criminal Pleadings: Application for Bail Compounding of Offences by Way of Compromise Complaint under Section 138, Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
IV	 Drafting: General Principles of Drafting and relevant Substantive Rules Civil: Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Memorandrm of Appeal and Revision, Writ Petitions Criminal: Complaints, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision
IV	Conveyancing: Notice under Section 80 of CPC General Power of Attorney Will



- Agreement to Sale-Deed, Lease-Deed, Partnership Deed, Mortgage Deed, Relinquishment Deed, Deed of Gift
- Law relating to Stamps: Judicial and Non-judicial Stamps, E-stamping

Recommended Books:

- N.S. Bindra, Conveyancing, Draftsman and Interpretation of Dates, Eastern Book Company.
- G.C. Mogha & S. N. Dhingra, Mogha's Law of Pleading in India with Precedents, Eastern Law House, 18th Edn
- C. R. Datta & M.N. Das, D'Souza's Form and Precedents of Conveyancing, Eastern Law House

Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI
SUBJECT	T: ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE R	ESOLUTION
Course Code: G050606T	Course Title: Alternative Dispute Resolution	
Credits: 03	Core Course	

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand

CO1: Students to adopt a comparative approach, drawing on the experiences of many societies and jurisdictions – in a large number of which, entrenched approaches to dispute handing are now under radical re-examination;

CO2: Balancing theoretical and practical concerns, the principal areas of discourse and practice that the student will come to understand are the processes of negotiation and mediation.

CO3: The student will understand these processes in their own right and also in the context of the emergence of new types of dispute resolution professional, who offer mediation and other services as alternatives to the lawyer's often preferred practice of late settlement through litigation.

Unit	Course Contents		
	Alternative Dispute Resolution:		
	ADR: Concept, Need and Development, Advantages.		
	Legal Framework: Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 & Code of Civil		
I	Procedure		
	Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996: Object, Development and Salient features		
	Kinds of ADR System:		
	➤ Lok Adalat		
	Arbitration under Arbitration, Conciliation and Mediation		
	Arbitral Tribunal & Procedure:		
П	Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunal		
11	Conduct of Arbitral Proceeding		
	Fast Track Arbitration		
	Making of Arbitral Award		
	> Termination of Proceedings		
	Enforcement of Award and International Arbitration:		
	Recourse against Arbitral Award		
Ш	Finality and Enforcement of Arbitral Award		
***	> Appeal		
	Enforcement of Certain Foreign Awards,		
IV	Conciliation & Mediation:		
	> Meaning and Scope		



- Appointment and Role of Concilliators
 Negotiation, Media Summary trials, etc.
 Qualities of Negotiator and Process for Negotiation,
 International Negotiation
 - Mediation & Good Offices

International Perspective:

- International Commercial Arbitration
- New-York and Geneva Convention
- UNCITRAL Model Law, Treaties etc.

Recommended Books:

V

- B. P. Saraf &M. Jhunjhunwala, Law of Arbitration & Conciliation, Snow White, Mumbai
- Gerald R. William (ed.), The New Arbitration & Conciliation Law of India
- P. C. Rao & William Sheffield, Alternative Disputes Resolutions, Universal, Delhi
- > Johari, Commentary on Arbitration and Conciliation Act. Universal, Delhi
- > G. K. Kwatra, The Arbitration & Conciliation Law of India, Universal, Delhi
- > Banshi Dhar Singh, ADR System, CLP, Allahabad
- > J. G. Merrills, International Dispute Settlement. U. K: Cambridge University Press.
- J. Auerbach, Justice Without Law? Oxford University Press, 1983

Programme: LL. B	Year-III	Semester-VI	
SUBJE	CT: MOOT COURT EXERCISE AND	INTERNSHIP	
COURSE CODE: G050607P	COURSE TITLE: MOOT COURT EX	COURSE TITLE: MOOT COURT EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP	
Credits: 02	Core Course:		

Course Contents

The paper will include the following components:

- 1. Moot Court (15 Marks): Each student may be required to participate in at least two moot court sessions annually, based on assigned problems.
- 2. Observation of Trials (15 Marks): Students must observe two trials—one civil and one criminal. They should document each trial and note the steps followed on various days as part of a court assignment.
- 3. Interviewing Techniques, Pre-Trial Preparation, and Internship Diary (20): Students will attend two client interview sessions at a lawyer's office or legal aid center and record the details in a diary. They will also observe the preparation of legal documents and filing procedures for cases.
- 4. Viva Voce Examination (50): An oral examination will assess students on the above three components.
- 5. Legal Awareness Program: Students will be required to participate in a legal awareness program in collaboration with the NSS and other authorities, as instructed by the faculty.

